

Water In Star-forming regions with Herschel

- A 429 hr GT key-program with Herschel to study the physical and chemical structure of star forming regions focussing on H₂O and its related species
- Program covers ~90 sources ranging from pre-stellar cores, low- to high-mass protostars in different evolutionary stages as well as protoplanetary disks
- Both HIFI and PACS-spectroscopy are used
 - Includes small maps up to ~2'x2'
- Collaboration of ~70+ scientists from 30 different institutes

See <http://www.strw.leidenuniv.nl/WISH>



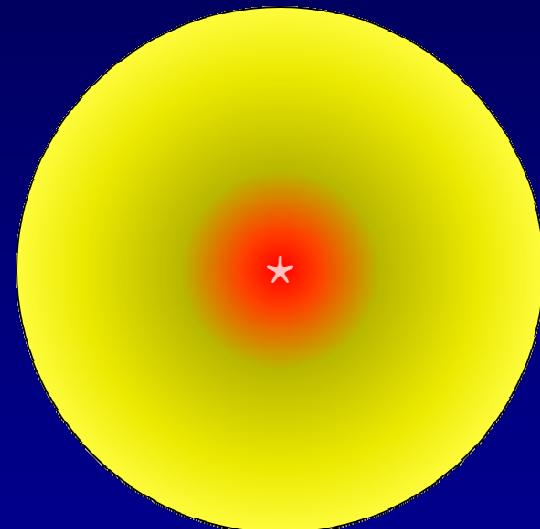
Why water?

- H₂O abundance shows large variations in SF regions:
 $<10^{-8}$ (cold) – $3 \cdot 10^{-4}$ (warm) → unique probe of different physical regimes
 - Natural filter of warm gas
- Main reservoir of oxygen → affects chemistry of all other species
 - Traces basic processes of freeze-out onto grains and evaporation, which characterize different stages of evolution
- Astrobiology: water associated with life on Earth → characterize water ‘trail’ from clouds to planets, including origin of water on Earth

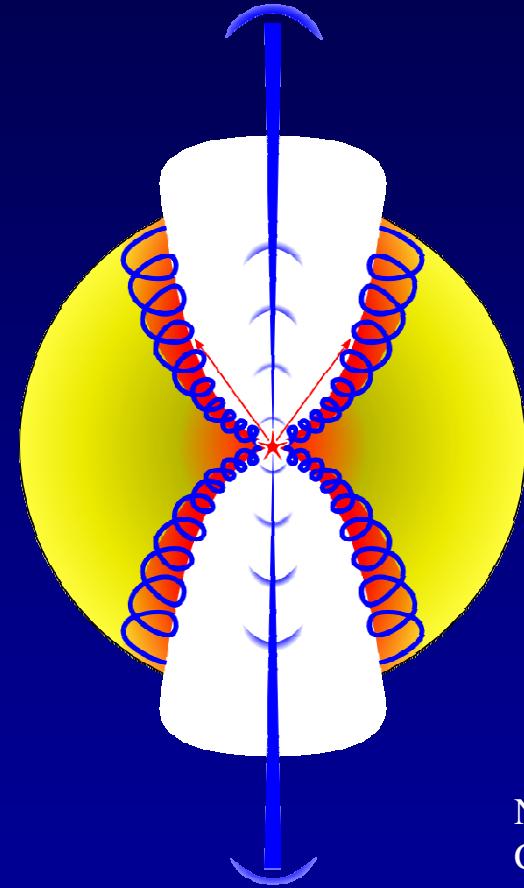
pre-stellar cores → YSO's → disks → comets

Origin of hot CO and H₂O?

0.05 pc ~ 1'



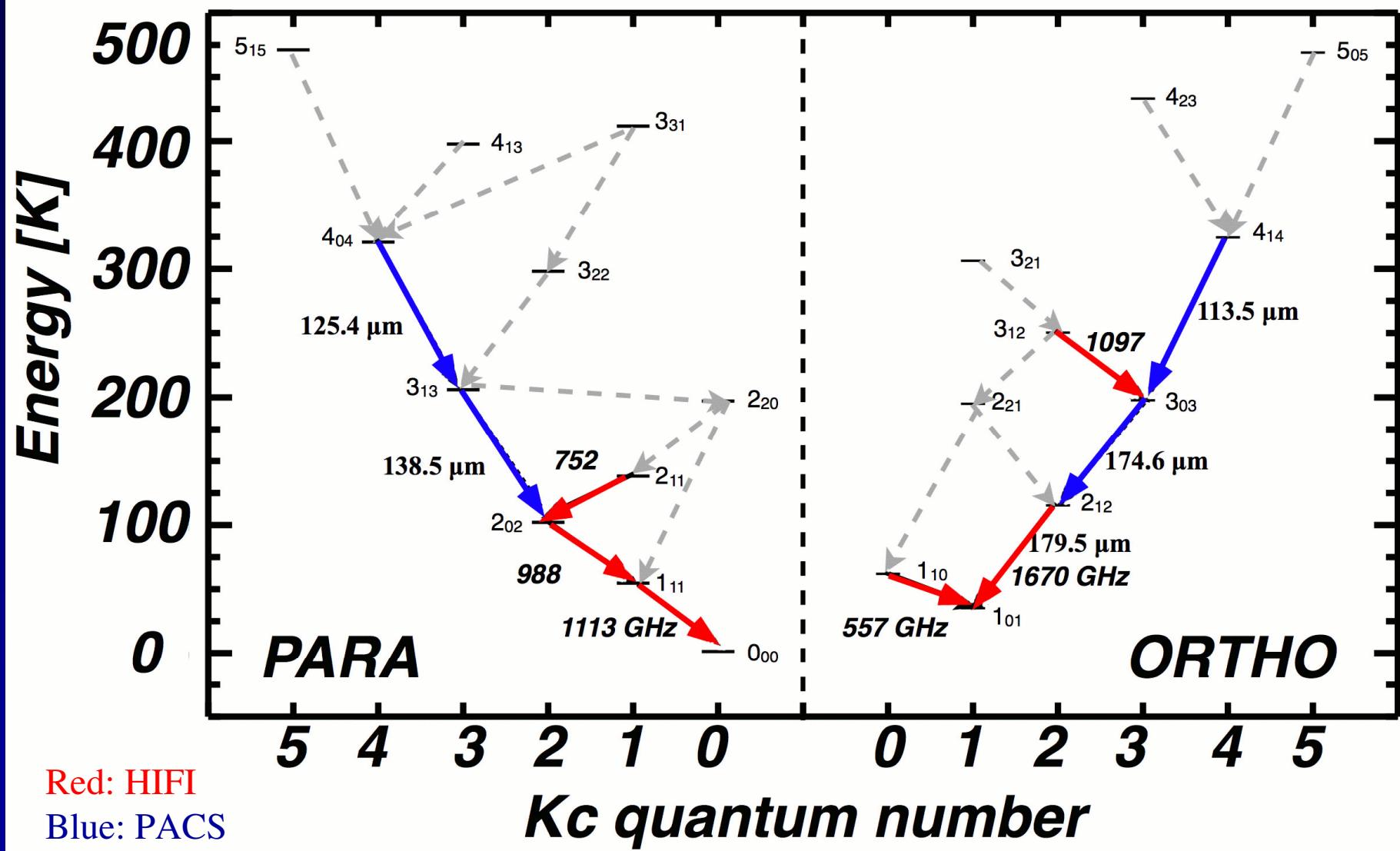
Hot core:
Compact (~200 AU) region
where H₂O ice evaporates



Outflows
Extended emission along
outflow; H₂O enhanced in shock

ISO-LWS:
Nisini et al. 2000
Ceccarelli et al. 1999

H_2O lines: HIFI vs PACS



Observe mix of low- and high-excitation lines to probe cold and hot environments

SDP Data

- Received:
 - **L1157:** Low-mass Class 0 YSO
 - outflow map 179 μm H₂O line
 - **HH 46:** Low-mass Class I YSO
 - **NGC 7129:** Intermediate mass YSO
- Still pending:
 - Complete PACS spectral scans of
 - Class 0 low-mass YSO
 - High mass YSO
 - All HIFI SDP/PSP data

WISH-team

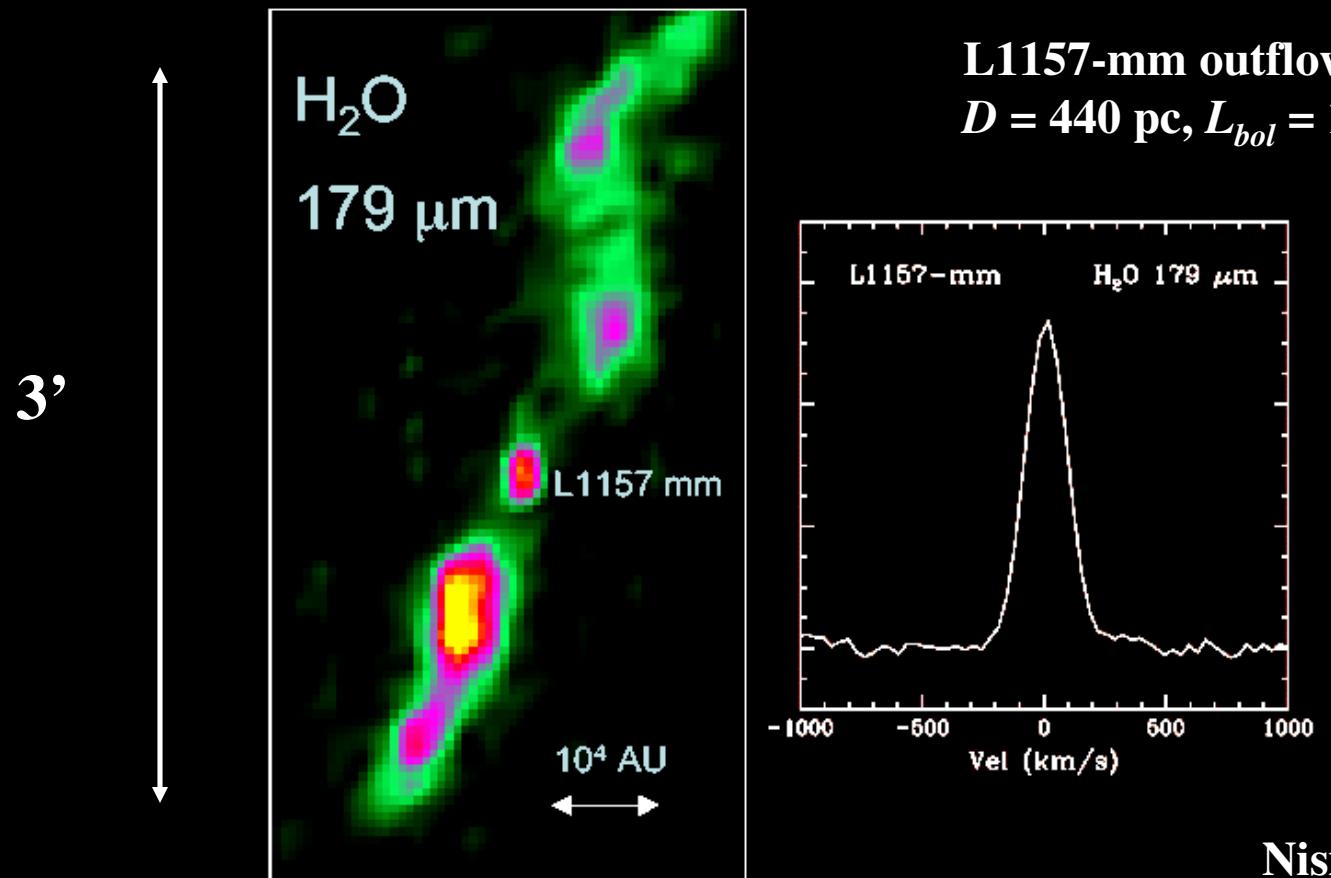
- *E.F. van Dishoeck*, Y. Aikawa, R. Bachiller, A. Baudry, M. Benedettini, *A. Benz*, E. Bergin, P. Bjerkeli, G. Blake, S. Bontemps, J. Braine, A. Brandeker, S. Bruderer, *P. Caselli*, J. Cernicharo, L. Chavarria, C. Codella, F. Daniel, C. Dedes, *P. Encrenaz*, A.M. di Giorgio, C. Dominik, S. Doty, H. Feuchtgruber, M. Fich, W. Frieswijk, A. Fuente, T. Giannini, J.R. Goicoechea, Th. De Graauw, F. Helmich, *F. Herpin*, G. Herczeg, *M. Hogerheijde*, T. Jacq, J. Jørgensen, *D. Johnstone*, A. Karska, M. Kaufman, E. Keto, L. Kristensen, B. Larsson, B. Lefloch, D. Lis, *R. Liseau*, M. Marseille, C. McCoey, G. Melnick, D. Neufeld, B. Nisini, M. Olberg, G. Olofsson, L. Pagani, O. Panić, J. Pearson, R. Plume, C. Risacher, D. Salter, N. Sakai, J. Santiago, P. Saraceno, R. Shipman, M. Tafalla, *F. van der Tak*, T. van Kempen, R. Visser, S. Viti, S. Wampfler, M. Walmsley, F. Wyrowski, S. Yamamoto, U. Yildiz

(blue indicates subteam leader)

Those who did the work to make this presentation possible....

- E.F. van Dishoeck, Y. Aikawa, R. Bachiller, A. Baudry, *M. Benedettini*, A. Benz, E. Bergin, P. Bjerkeli, G. Blake, S. Bontemps, J. Braine, A. Brandeker, *S. Bruderer*, P. Caselli, J. Cernicharo, L. Chavarria, C. Codella, F. Daniel, C. Dedes, P. Encrenaz, A.M. di Giorgio, C. Dominik, *S. Doty*, *H. Feuchtgruber*, *M. Fich*, W. Frieswijk, A. Fuente, T. Giannini, J.R. Goicoechea, Th. De Graauw, F. Helmich, F. Herpin, *G. Herczeg*, M. Hogerheijde, T. Jacq, J. Jørgensen, D. Johnstone, A. Karska, M. Kaufman, E. Keto, *L. Kristensen*, B. Larsson, B. Lefloch, D. Lis, R. Liseau, M. Marseille, C. McCaughan, G. Melnick, D. Neufeld, *B. Nisini*, M. Olberg, G. Olofsson, L. Pagani, O. Panić, J. Pearson, R. Plume, C. Risacher, D. Salter, N. Sakai, J. Santiago, P. Saraceno, R. Shipman, M. Tafalla, F. van der Tak, *T. van Kempen*, *R. Visser*, S. Viti, *S. Wampfler*, M. Walmsley, F. Wyrowski, S. Yamamoto, U. Yildiz

Herschel-PACS image of water in proto-stellar systems

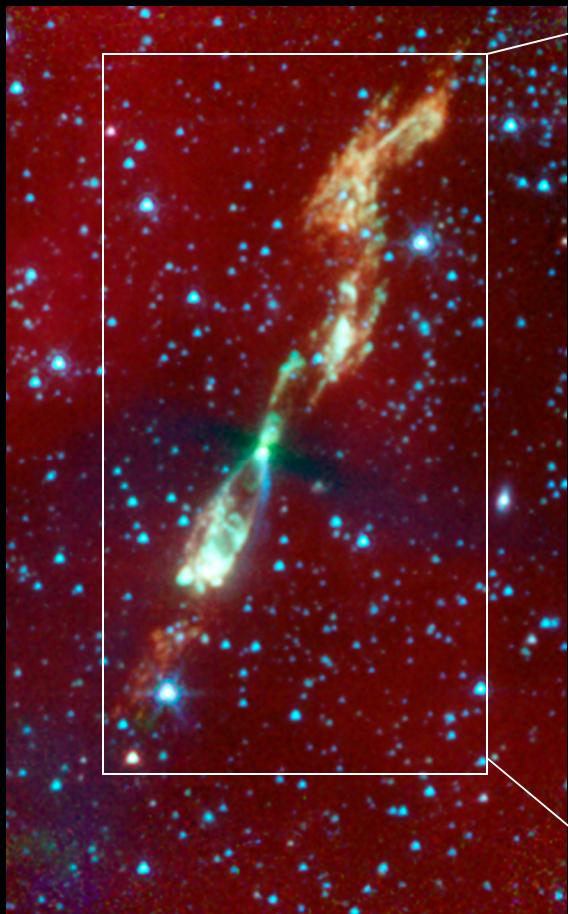


Nisini, Liseau, Tafalla,
Benedettini et al.

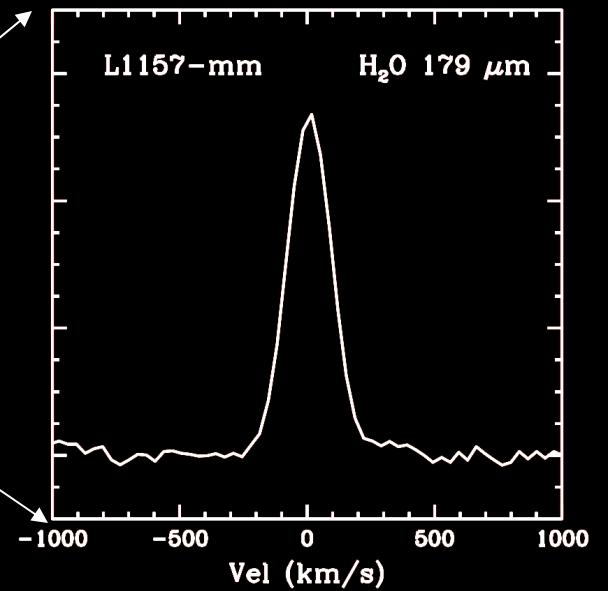
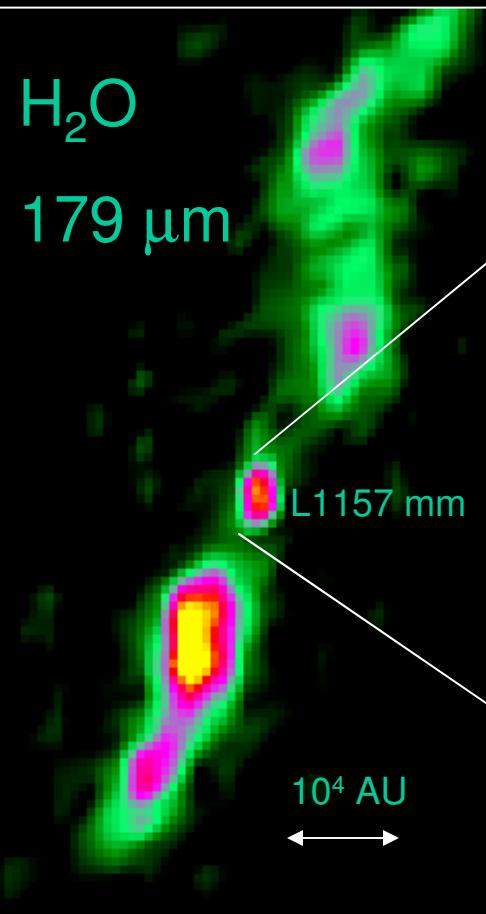
Water traces ‘hot spots’ where shocks dump energy into cloud

Water traces interaction more directly than Spitzer

Spitzer IRAC



Herschel PACS

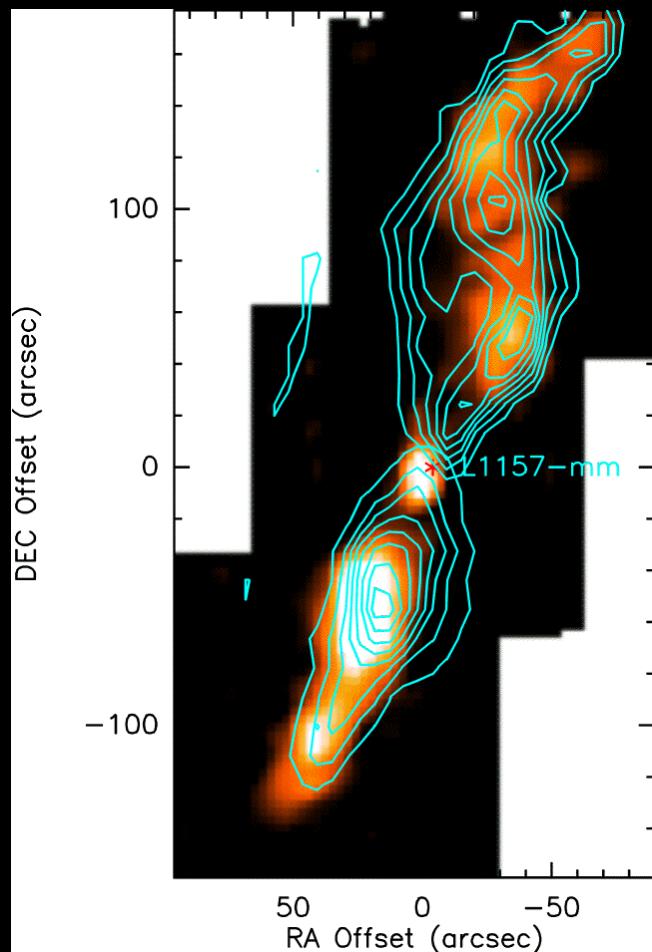


Looney et al. 2008

- Strong water emission from the embedded protostar

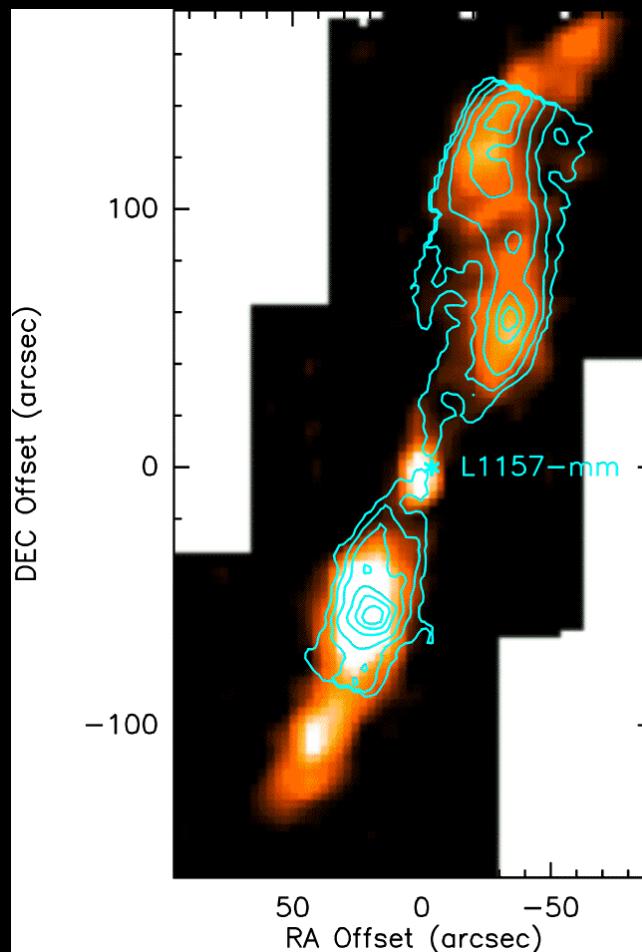
Comparison with other gas main coolants

CO 2-1



Bachiller et al. 2001

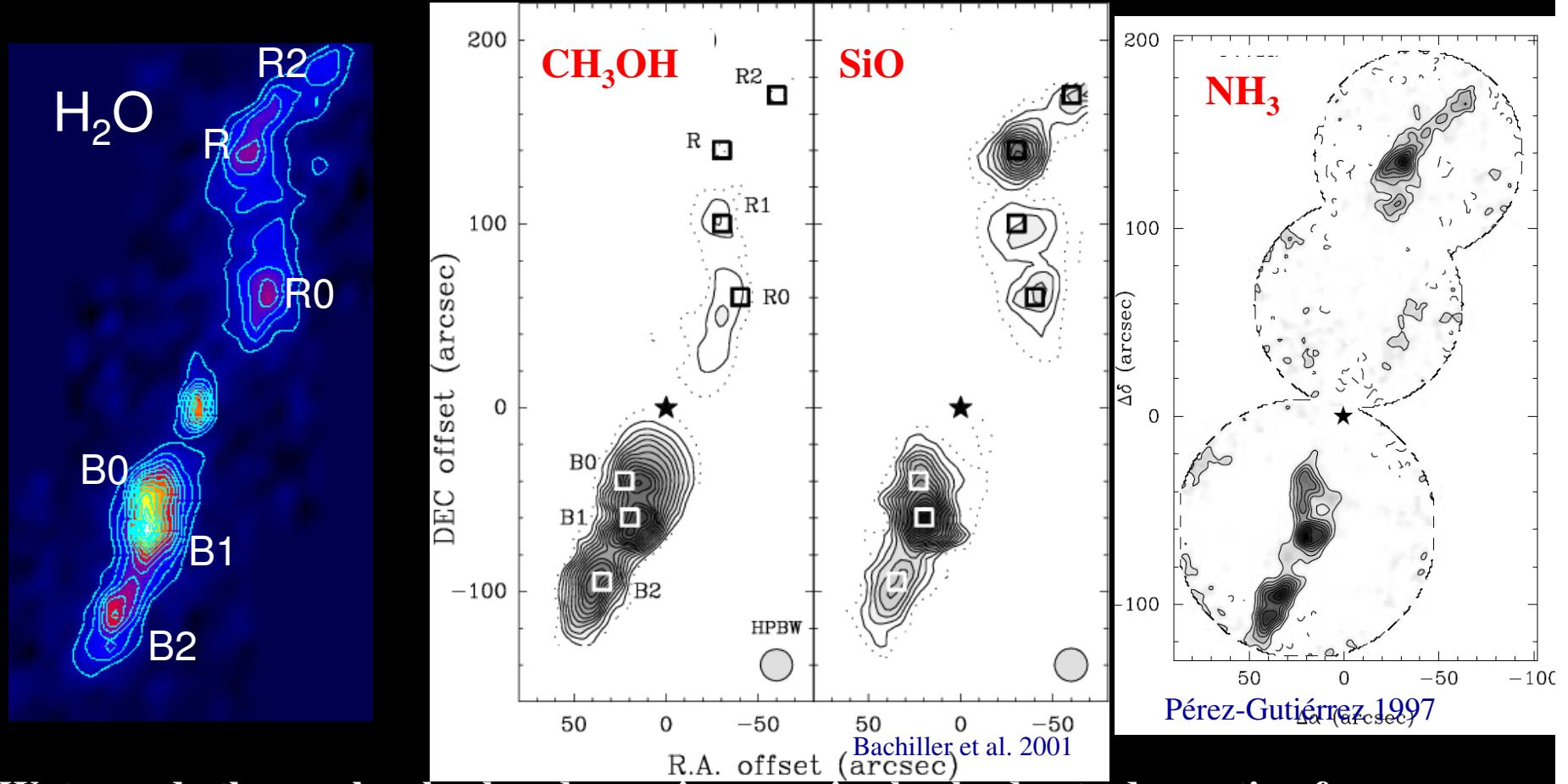
H₂ 0-0 S(1) 17μm



Neufeld et al. 2009

- Correlation between H₂O and H₂ warm gas at T ~ 300 K
- All coolants observed → can determine total energy budget

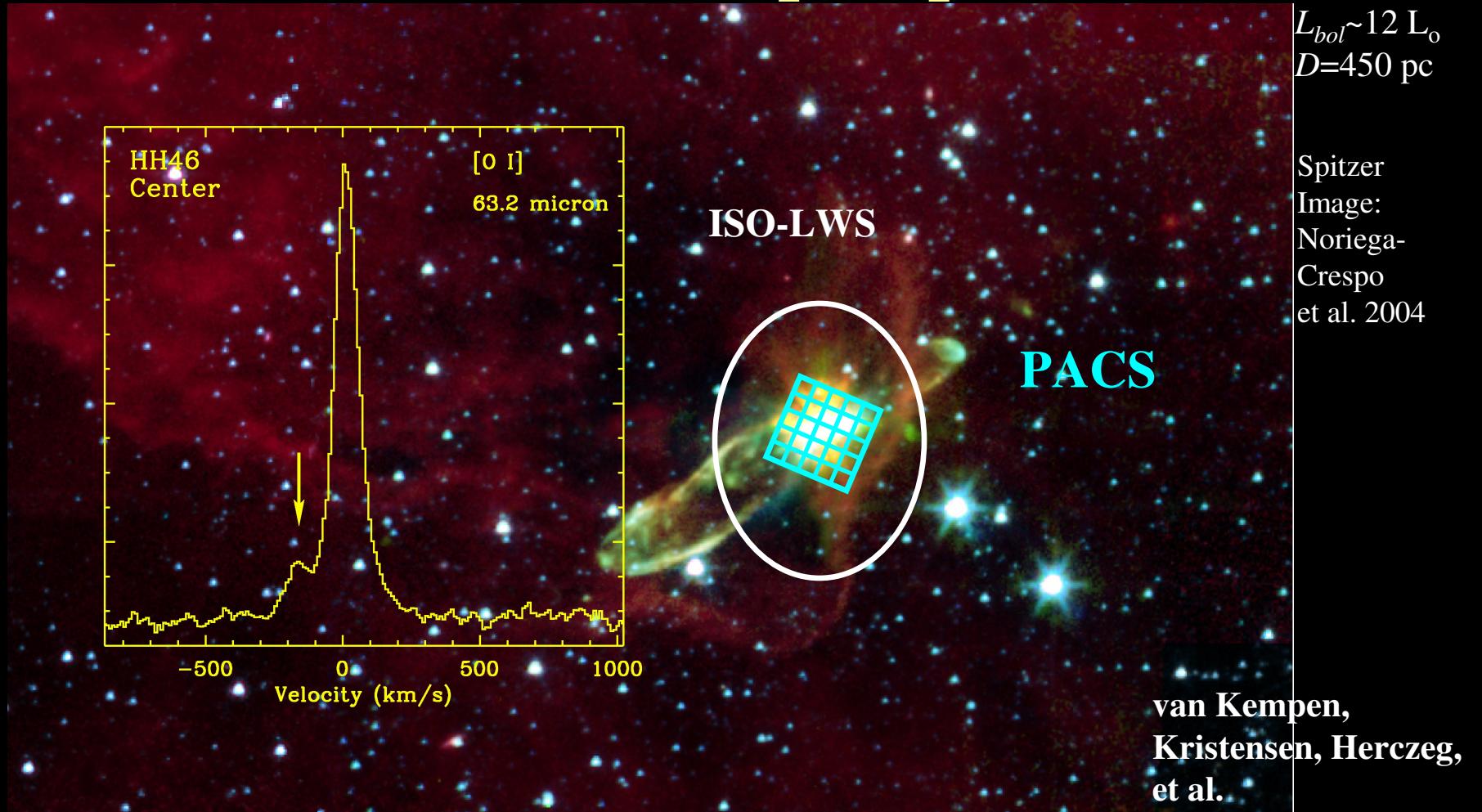
Shock enhanced molecular abundances



Water and other molecule abundances increase in shocks due to desorption from grain mantles and shock induced chemical reactions

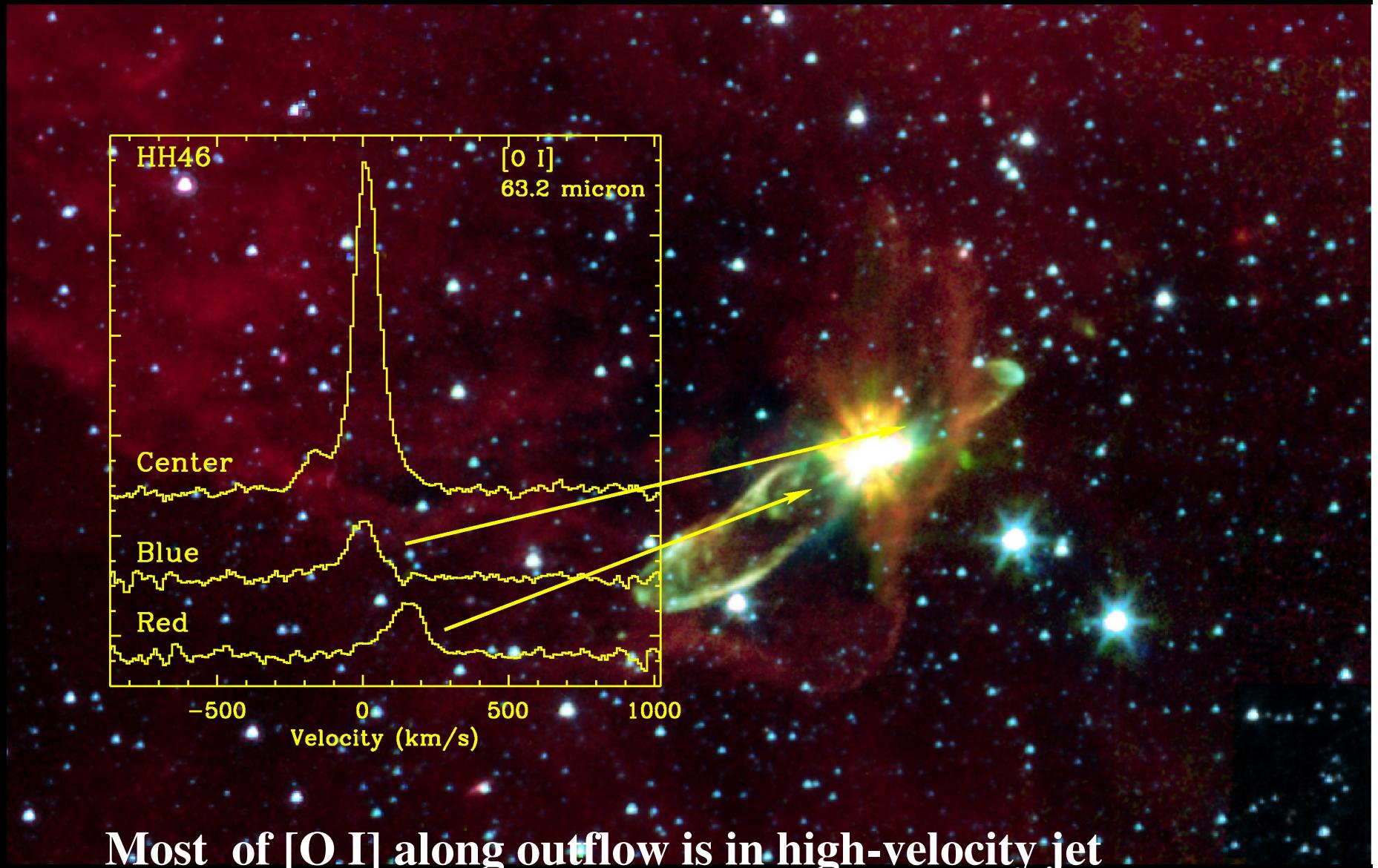
- relative intensities between peaks change with tracer
- H_2O , SiO and NH_3 trace the regions at higher density
- Only H_2O traces all the hot spots

HH 46 low-mass YSO: velocity resolved [O I]

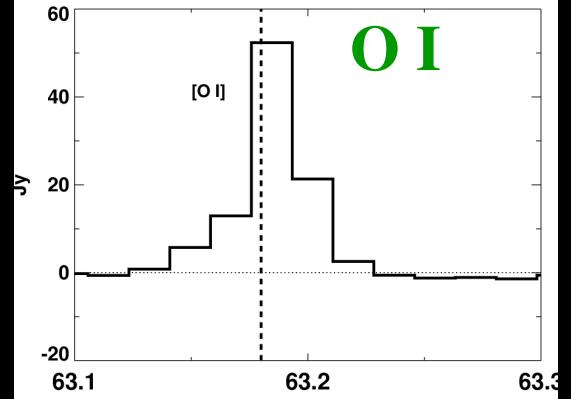
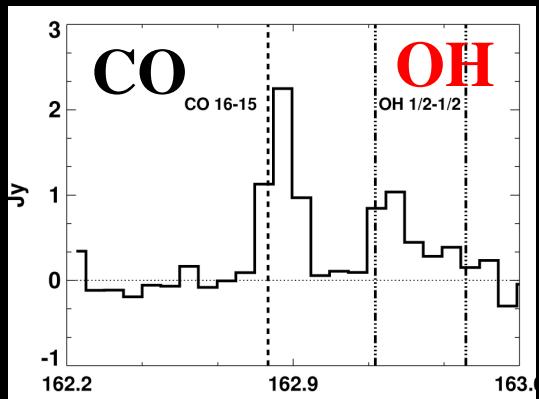
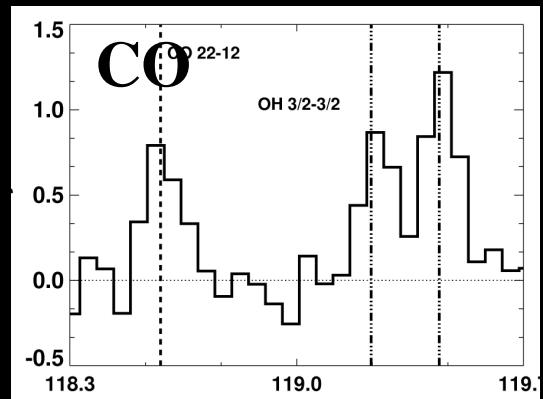
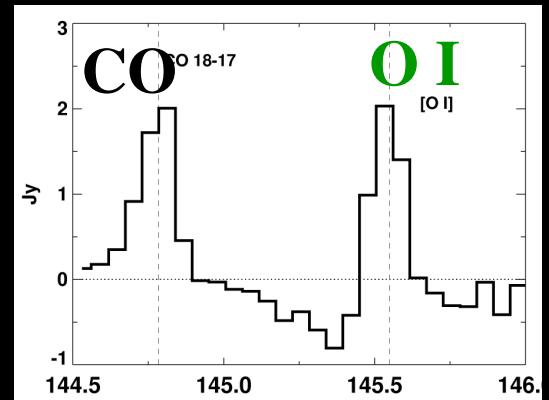
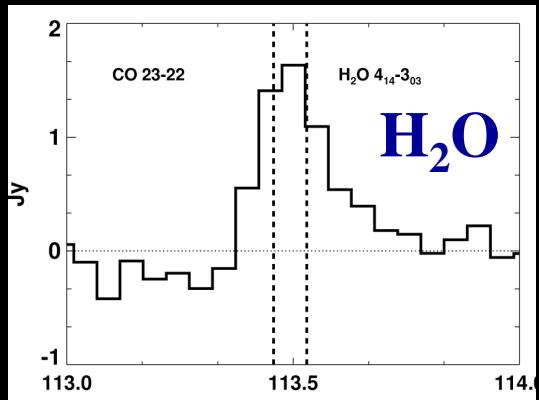
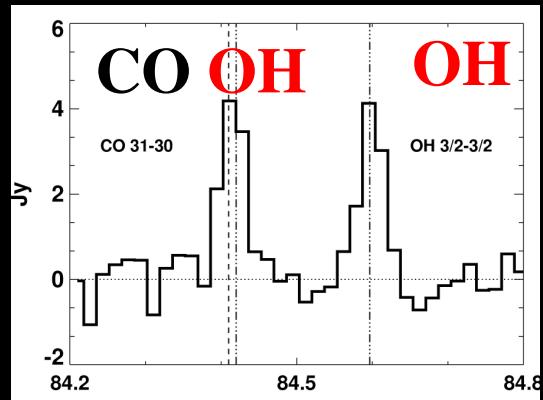


[O I] also present in high velocity (~200 km/s) jet!

HH 46 [O I]



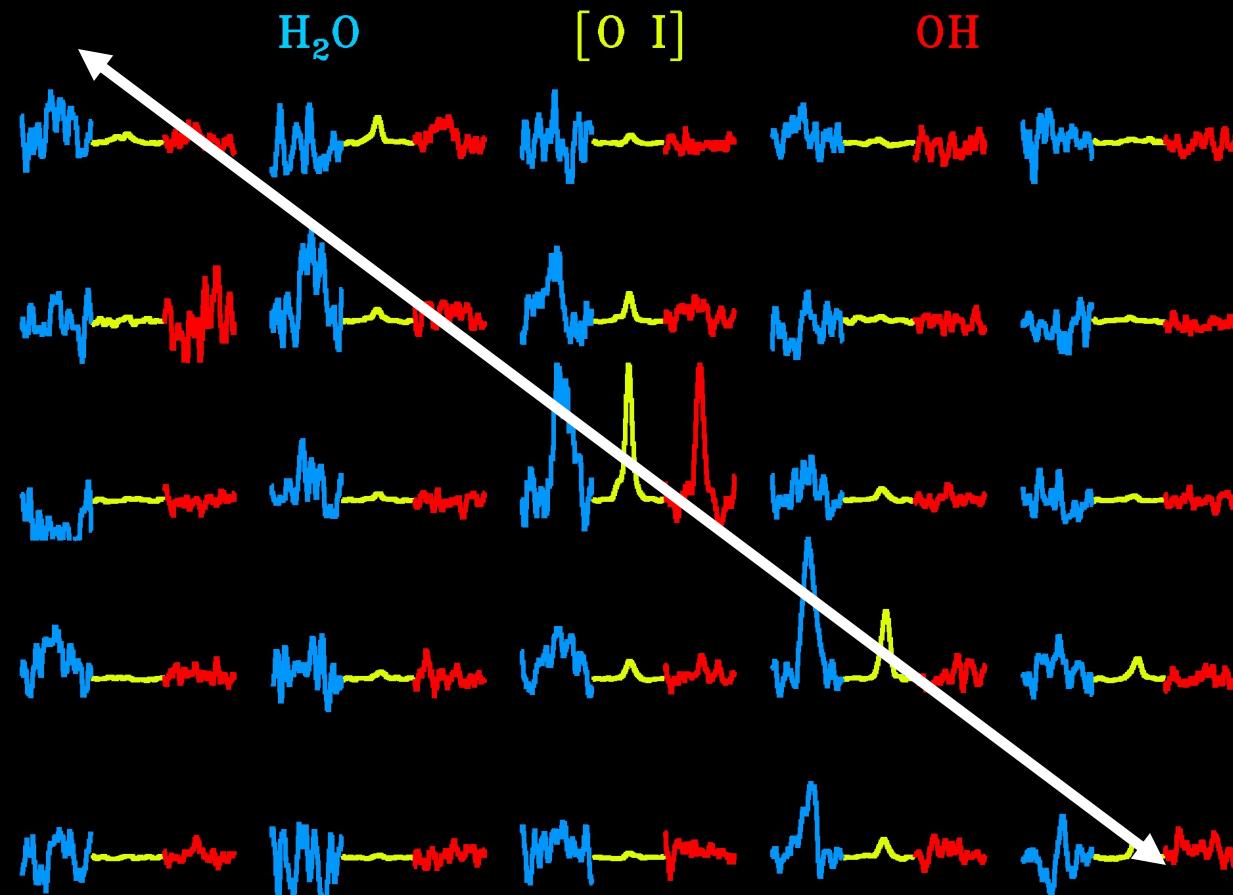
Many lines detected on source



Binned spectra
Warning: fluxes uncertain by 50%

Van Kempen, Kristensen, Herczeg,
Wampfler, Bruderer, Benz et al.

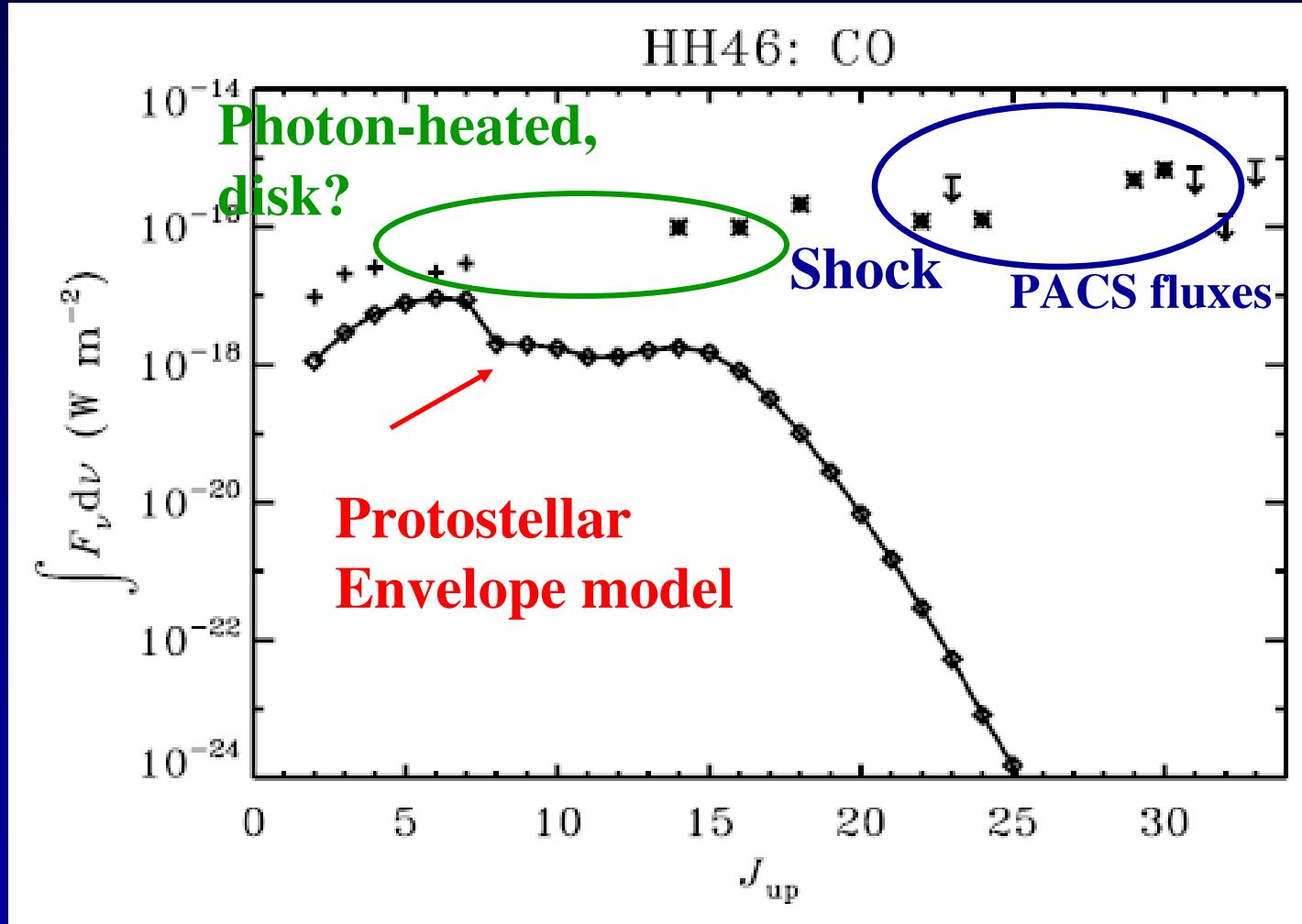
Different species have different distributions



Note:
orientation
outflow switched
in RA compared
with Spitzer image

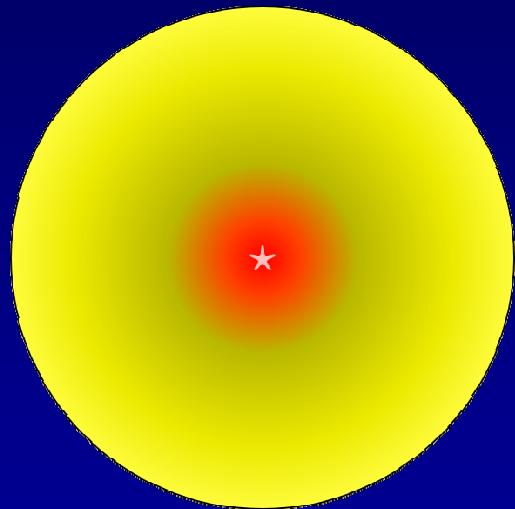
- H_2O extended along outflow, but OH peaking on source
- $[\text{O I}]$ falling off rapidly along outflow

Origin of hot CO?

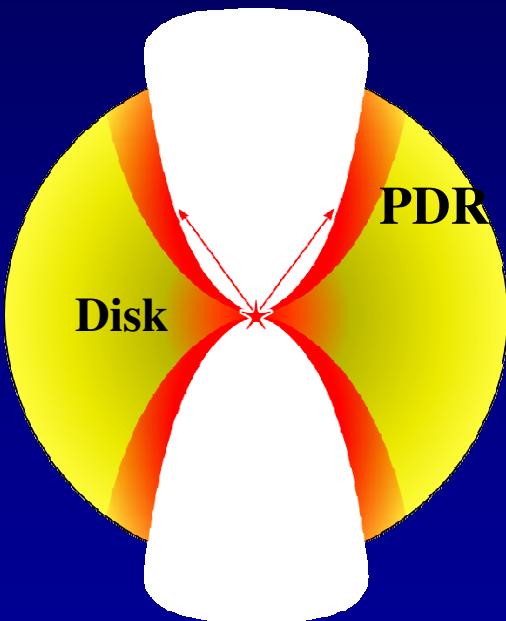


Visser, Bruderer, Kristensen,
van Kempen et al.

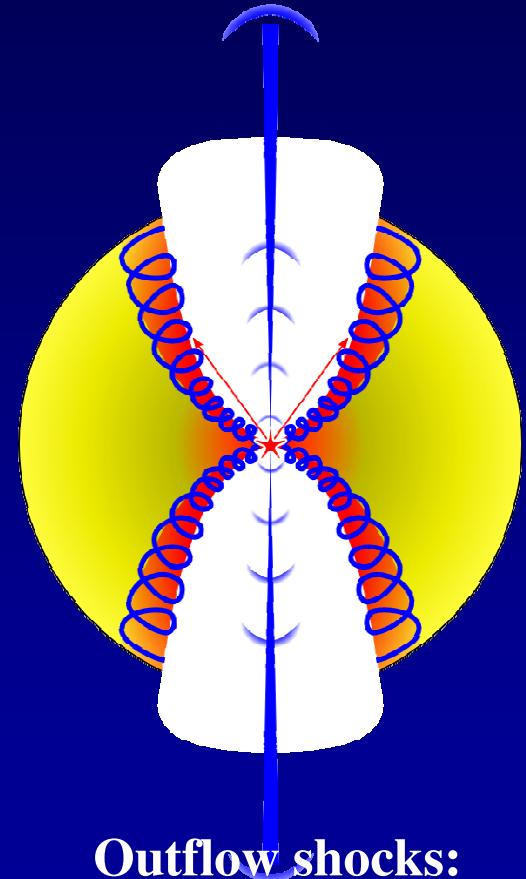
Which physical component dominates PACS lines?



Protostellar
envelope
with hot core:
Low-J CO

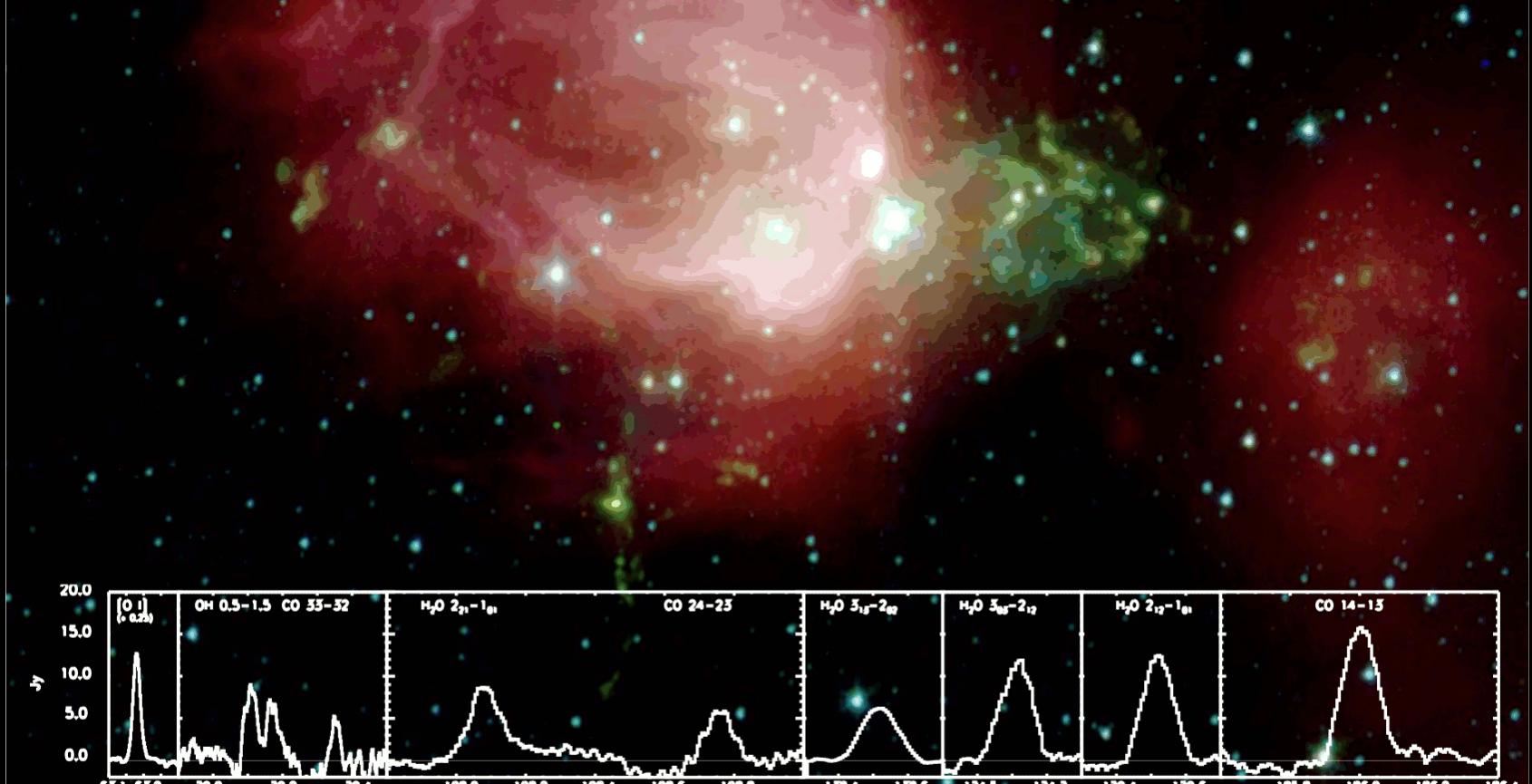


UV irradiated
cavity walls, disk
surface:
Mid-J CO?
Quiescent O I?



Outflow shocks:
High-J CO,
Hot water
High velocity O I

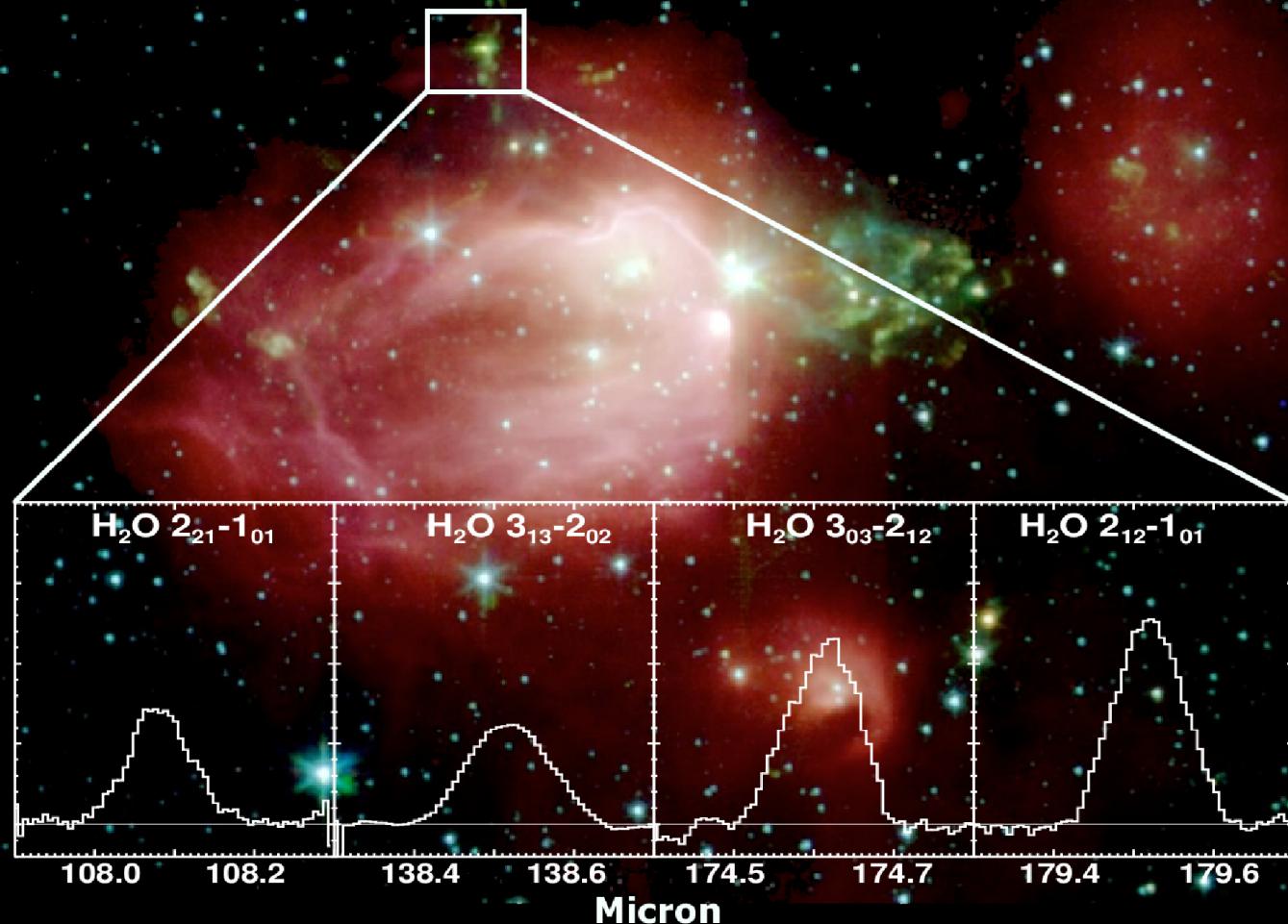
Intermediate mass YSO NGC 7129 FIRS2



- Strong H_2O , OH, CO and [O I] lines detected
- Cannot be fit with protostellar envelope model only

Watering the Rose

Need HIFI to disentangle different components!



Spitzer image
Megeath et al.

Johnstone,
Fich, Fuente,
et al.

PACS detects water in the "Valentine Day's" Nebula (NGC 7129)